

**St Joseph's Catholic Primary School,
Gateshead.**

Behaviour and Discipline Policy



Mission Statement

**Aim high, Care for others as Jesus does,
Everyone welcome.**

(To be read in conjunction with our policies on Anti-Bullying, Drugs and Healthy Schools.)

At St Joseph's Catholic Primary, Gateshead our behaviour and discipline policy is based on Gospel Values and Christian principles where each person is uniquely important. Through our distinct mission statement: Aim high; Care for others as Jesus does; Everyone welcome; we promote a positive, supportive and caring atmosphere for all pupils, staff, parents, carers and others who use our school. We provide a happy and challenging environment where each pupil can reach their full potential and successfully contribute to the school and wider community.

Aim high.

We promote self discipline so that pupils understand the need for high standards of behaviour and to develop a responsibility towards other people and property. We also promote in each pupil a personal sense of worth in the contribution they make and their ability to succeed.

Care for others as Jesus does.

We promote cooperation where all pupils feel valued. Through the work of our Buddies, Special Friends, School Council, Prefects, Mini Vinnies and Pastoral Houses we ensure all children care for others in our school community at all times.

Everyone welcome.

We promote positive behaviour to help pupils develop good relationships with others. This is based on mutual respect and an understanding of, and tolerance towards all races, cultures and religions.

1 Introduction

- 1.1 This policy addresses both the promotion of positive behaviour, in accordance with our school's general aims and ethos, in relation to children's personal, social and moral development, and also our policy on rewards and sanctions with regard to pupils' behaviour. It also contains our policy on exclusions.
- 1.2 We regard it to be a highly important aspect of children's education and development that they learn to behave well towards others and towards the community in which they live. Good behaviour underpins effective learning, and children need good personal and social skills in order to live fulfilling and rewarding lives as adults.
- 1.3 Behaviour which, in any way, disrupts learning, is unacceptable in our school, and, through the constant promotion of positive behaviour, we seek to minimise, if not eliminate any such behaviour. Alongside this policy, we are an inclusive school and endeavour to meet the needs of all children, including those with emotional and behavioural difficulties.

2 Aims and objectives

- 2.1 It is a primary aim of St Joseph's that every member of the school community feels valued and respected, and that each person is treated fairly and well. We are a caring community, the values of which are built on mutual trust and respect for all and rooted in our Christian values. The school's behaviour policy is therefore intended to support all members of our school community in living and working together in a mutually beneficial way. It aims to promote an environment in which everyone feels happy, safe and secure. It is the collective responsibility among staff, both teaching and non teaching, to support and implement the policy.
- 2.2 It is important to have the support of parents, children and LGC in implementing this policy and to have the acceptance of parents and children of the need to insist on good behaviour at all times.
- 2.3 The school has a number of rules, but our behaviour policy is not primarily concerned with rule enforcement. It is a means of promoting good relationships, so that people can work together with the common purpose of helping everyone to learn.
- 2.4 The school expects every member of the school community to behave in a considerate way towards others.
- 2.5 We aim to treat all children fairly and to apply this behaviour policy consistently. St Joseph's is aware of vulnerable children and issues that surround them (Child Protection – Safeguarding Policy)
- 2.6 This policy aims to help children grow in a safe and secure environment, and to become positive, responsible and increasingly independent members of the school and the wider community.
- 2.7 The school aims to promote and reward good behaviour, as this will develop an ethos of kindness and cooperation. This policy is designed to promote good behaviour, rather than merely deter anti-social behaviour.

3 Rewards and sanctions

3.1 We praise and reward children for good behaviour in a variety of ways:

- Teachers praise children for considerate, positive behaviour in such a way as to underline its value to our school.
- Teachers award house points for particularly good behaviour.
- On Fridays, we nominate a particular child from each class to be 'Star of the Week'.
- Such nominations are recognised with the award of certificates in Friday's Whole School assembly.
- We award House Points to children, either for consistent good work or behaviour, or to acknowledge outstanding effort or acts of kindness in school.
- All classes take turns to lead a 'Collective Worship' where they are able to show examples of how their actions fulfil our Mission Statement.

3.2 The school acknowledges all the efforts and achievements of children, both in and out of school and are celebrated each Friday.

3.3 The school uses a number of sanctions to enforce school rules, and to ensure a safe and positive learning environment. We employ each sanction appropriately to each individual situation.

- We expect children to be attentive in lessons. If they are consistently inattentive, teachers may move them to a place in the room where they can be overseen more easily or move them to sit on their own.
- We expect children to try their best in all activities. If they do not do so, we may ask them to repeat a task or activity.
- If a child is disruptive in class, the teacher will verbally reprimand them. If a child misbehaves repeatedly, we may isolate the child from the rest of the class, under supervision, until they calm down and are prepared to comply with the teacher's expectations that they will work co-operatively alongside others.
- The safety of the children is paramount in all situations. If a child's behaviour endangers the safety of others, the class teacher stops the activity and prevents the child from taking part for the rest of that session.
- A Behaviour Chart may be issued. This chart is completed by the class teacher to monitor the behaviour of children each session and a grade awarded. The chart is taken home and completed after school by the parent and returned to school the next day. This means both school and parent can work in partnership to promote positive behaviour. Behaviour Charts are retained by the Headteacher.
- If a child uses foul/abusive language in school, the incident is recorded and the child is punished by a withdrawal of privileges, such as leisure time. If a child repeatedly acts in this way then parents will be informed and further sanctions may be necessary.
- If a child threatens, hurts or bullies another child, the class teacher records the incident and the child is punished by a withdrawal of privileges, such as leisure

time. If a child repeatedly acts in a way that disrupts or upsets others, the school contacts the child's parents or carers and seeks an appointment in order to discuss the situation, with a view to improving the behaviour of the child, with the full co-operation of the parents.

- 3.4 The class teacher discusses the school rules with each class. In addition to the school rules, each class also has its own classroom code/rules, which are shared with the children in September and regularly throughout the school year. In this way, every child in the school knows the standard of behaviour that we expect in our school. If there are incidents of anti-social behaviour, the class teacher discusses these with the whole class.
- 3.5 The school does not tolerate bullying of any kind. If we discover that an act of bullying or intimidation has taken place, we act immediately to stop any further occurrences of such behaviour. While it is very difficult to eradicate bullying, we do everything in our power to ensure that all children attend school free from fear of any kind from others.
- 3.6 Senior members of staff are aware of the regulations regarding the use of force by teachers, as set out in the document *The Use of Reasonable Force (2013)* issued by the Department for Education in July 2013. Teachers in our school do not use any kind of physical force as punishment. They will only intervene physically to restrain children in order to prevent injury to a child, or if a child is in danger of hurting him/herself. The restraining actions that we take are in line with government guidelines on the restraint of children.

4 The role of the class teacher

- 4.1 It is the responsibility of class teachers to ensure that the school rules are enforced in their classes, and that their classes behave in a responsible manner during lesson time.
- 4.2 The class teachers in our school have high expectations of the children with regard to behaviour, and they strive to ensure that all children work to the best of their ability.
- 4.3 The class teacher treats each child fairly, and enforces the classroom rules consistently. The teachers treat all children in their classes with respect and understanding.
- 4.4 If a child misbehaves repeatedly in class, the class teacher keeps a record of all such incidents. In the first instance, the class teacher deals with incidents him/herself in the normal manner. However, if misbehaviour continues, the class teacher seeks help and advice from the headteacher.
- 4.5 Where external support agencies are involved in meeting the needs of a particular child, the class teacher liaises and works co-operatively with those agencies, as necessary, to support and guide the progress of the child. The class teacher may, for example, in consultation with the school's Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENDCo) discuss the needs of a child with the education social worker, the Trust and/or the LA's behaviour support service.
- 4.6 The class teacher reports to parents and carers on the personal and social development of each child in their class, in line with whole-school policy. The class

teacher may also contact a parent if there are concerns about the behaviour or welfare of a child.

5 The role of the headteacher

- 5.1 It is the responsibility of the headteacher, under the School Standards and Framework Act 1998, to implement the school behaviour policy consistently throughout the school, and to report to governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy. It is also the responsibility of the headteacher to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all children in the school.
- 5.2 The headteacher supports the staff by implementing the policy, by setting the standards of behaviour, and by supporting staff in their implementation of the policy.
- 5.3 The headteacher keeps records of all reported serious incidents of misbehaviour.
- 5.4 The headteacher has the responsibility for giving fixed-term exclusions to individual children for serious acts of misbehaviour. For repeated or very serious acts of anti-social behaviour, the headteacher may permanently exclude a child. These actions are taken only after the Local Governing Committee have been notified.

6 The role of parents and carers

- 6.1 Our school requests that parents and carers enter into a Home-School Agreement with the school, agreeing to work in partnership with the school to promote good behaviour, to take steps to discourage poor behaviour, to reinforce the school rules and to support the school when sanctions need to be used with a child.
- 6.2 The school collaborates actively with parents and carers, so that children receive consistent messages about how to behave at home and at school.
- 6.3 We explain the school rules as part of our online offer, and we expect parents and carers to understand and support them.
- 6.4 We try to build a supportive dialogue between the home and the school, and we inform parents and carers immediately if we have concerns about their child's welfare or behaviour.
- 6.5 If the school has to use reasonable sanctions to punish a child, we expect parents and carers to support the actions of the school. If parents and carers have any concerns about the way that their child has been treated, they should initially contact the class teacher. If their concerns remain, they should contact the headteacher to discuss the issues involved. If parents or carers wish to complain further about actions taken by the school, they should contact the Chair of the Local Governing Committee, in accordance with the school's Complaints Policy.

7 The role of Local Governing Committee (LGC)

- 7.1 The LGC has the responsibility for agreeing as policy these general guidelines on standards of discipline and behaviour, and of reviewing their effectiveness. The governors support the headteacher in adhering to these guidelines.
- 7.2 The headteacher has the day-to-day authority to implement the school's policy on behaviour and discipline, but the LGC may give advice to the headteacher about particular disciplinary issues. The headteacher must take this into account when making decisions about matters of behaviour.

8 Fixed-term and permanent exclusions

- 8.1 We are an inclusive school and do not wish to exclude any child, even when they exhibit serious behavioural difficulties. We will take every reasonable step to ensure that exclusions are avoided. However, in extreme cases, it may be necessary to exclude.
- 8.2 Currently, schools and local authorities must make full-time educational provision for excluded pupils from day 6 of their exclusion. Parents and carers must ensure their child is not present in a public place during the first five days of an exclusion, and headteachers have a duty to offer the parents or carers a reintegration interview in respect of certain fixed-period exclusions.
- 8.3 Only the headteacher (or an acting headteacher) has the power to exclude a child from school. The headteacher may exclude a child for one or more fixed periods, for up to 45 days in any one school year. In extreme and exceptional circumstances, the headteacher may exclude a child permanently. It is also possible for the headteacher to convert a fixed-term exclusion into a permanent exclusion, if the circumstances warrant this.
- 8.4 If the headteacher excludes a child, s/he informs the parents or carers immediately, giving reasons for the exclusion. At the same time, the headteacher makes it clear to the parents or carers that they can, if they wish, appeal against the decision to the governing body. The school informs the parents or carers how to make any such appeal.
- 8.5 The headteacher informs the Trust, LA and the LGC about any permanent exclusion, and about any fixed-term exclusions beyond five days in any one term.
- 8.6 The LGC itself cannot either exclude a child or extend the exclusion period made by the headteacher.
- 8.7 The LGC has a discipline committee which is made up of between three and five members. This committee considers any exclusion appeals on behalf of the governors.
- 8.8 When an appeals panel meets to consider an exclusion, they consider the circumstances under which the child was excluded, consider any representation by parents/carers, the Trust and the LA, and consider whether the child should be reinstated.
- 8.9 If the LGC's appeals panel decides that a child should be reinstated, the headteacher must comply with this ruling.

9 Drug and alcohol related incidents

- 9.1 It is the policy of this school that no child should bring any drug, legal or illegal, to school. If a child will need medication during the school day, the parent or guardian should notify the school and ask permission for the medication to be brought. This should be taken directly to the school office for safekeeping. A medical information form outlining instructions for administration must be completed by a parent/guardian and handed in with the medicine to the main office. Any medication needed by a child while in school must be taken under the supervision of a teacher or other adult employee.
- 9.2 The school will take very seriously misuse of any substances such as glue, other solvents, or alcohol. The parents or guardians of any child involved will always be

notified. Any child who deliberately brings substances into school for the purpose of misuse will be punished by a fixed-term exclusion. The child will not be readmitted to the school until a parent or guardian of the child has visited the school and discussed the seriousness of the incident with the headteacher. If the offence is repeated, the child will be permanently excluded, and the police and social services will be informed.

- 9.3 If any child is found to be suffering from the effects of alcohol or other substances, arrangements will be made for that child to be taken home. The police and social services may also be informed.
- 9.4 If a child is found to have deliberately brought illegal substances into school, and is found to be distributing these to other pupils for money, the child will be permanently excluded from the school. The police and social services will also be informed.

10 Monitoring and review

- 10.1 The headteacher monitors the effectiveness of this policy on a regular basis. He also reports to the LGC on the effectiveness of the policy and, if necessary, makes recommendations for further improvements.
- 10.2 The school keeps a variety of records concerning incidents of misbehaviour. The class teacher records minor classroom incidents. The headteacher records more serious incidents which have resulted in his involvement. We also keep a record of any significant behavioural incidents that occur at break or lunchtimes.
- 10.3 The headteacher keeps a record of any child who is suspended for a fixed-term, or who is permanently excluded.
- 10.4 It is the responsibility of the LGC to monitor the occurrence of both fixed-term or permanent exclusions, and to ensure that the school policy is administered fairly and consistently. The LGC will pay particular attention to matters of equality and discrimination; it will seek to ensure that the school abides by the non-statutory guidance *The Duty to Promote Race Equality: A Guide For Schools* (published by The Commission for Racial Equality), and that no child is treated unfairly because of race or ethnic background.
- 10.5 The LGC reviews this policy every two years. The LGC may, however, review the policy earlier than this if the government introduces new regulations, or if the LGC receives recommendations on how the policy might be improved.

January 2023

Next Review: January 2025